

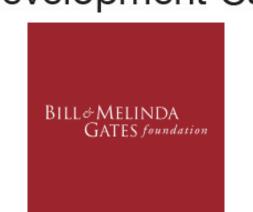
Cold chain planning: Beyond Cold Chain Inventories | *

Foreign Affairs, Trade and Development Canada

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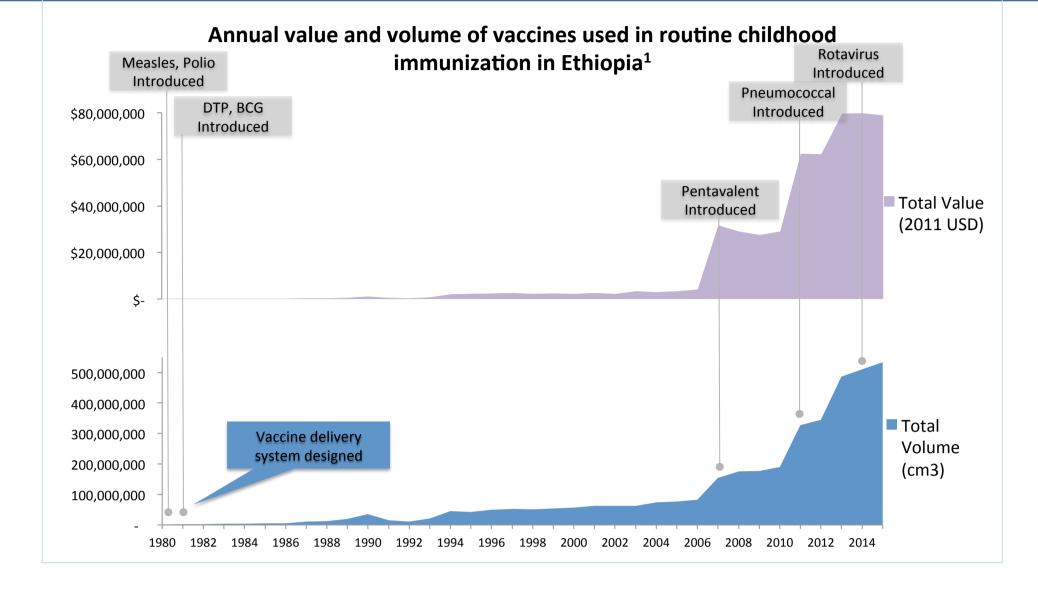


Clinton Health Access Initiative, Inc. Authors: Ankur Chourey, Yanfeng Lim, Anita Kishore

THREE REASONS TO FOCUS ON COLD CHAIN PLANNING

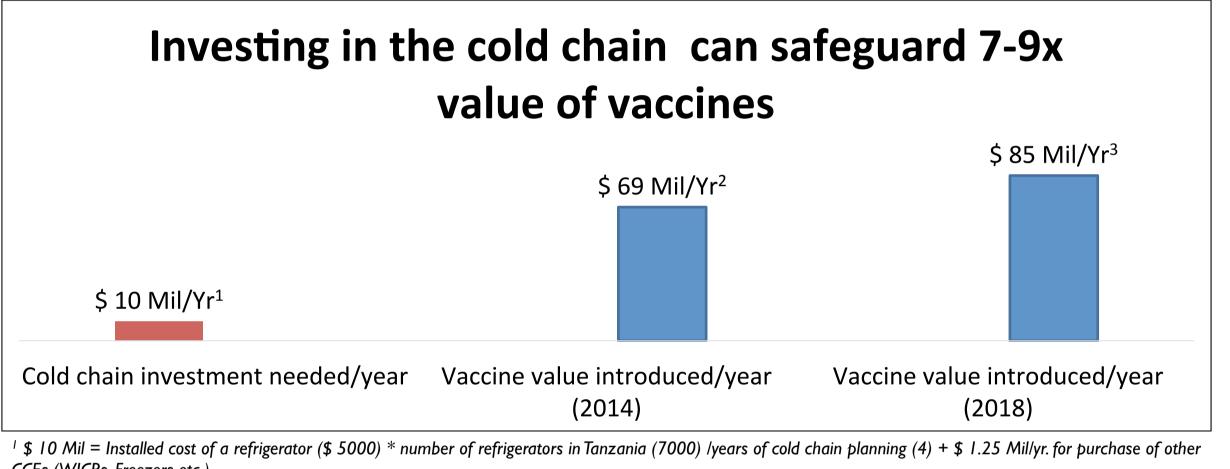
Good planning safeguards potency and saves costs

I: The VALUE and VOLUME of vaccines in the cold chain is RISING FAST



UNICEF Supply Division, Procurement Data, http://www.unicef.org/supply/files/Table_of_Vaccine_Procurement_1996_2013_Value.pdf; http://www.unicef.org/supply/files/Table_of_vaccine_procurement_1996_2013_volume.pdf

The INVESTMENT in COLD CHAIN is SMALL, relative to value of vaccines



 2 \$ 69 Mil = < 1 year population in 2014 (1,964,337) * value of vaccines/FIC introduced in Tanzania by 2014 (\$ 35.18/FIC) 3 \$ 85 Mil = < 1 year population in 2019 (2,185,233) * value of vaccines/FIC introduced in Tanzania by 2019 (\$ 39.08/FIC)

Population figures taken from GAVI Tanzania web page, and value per FIC calculated from TZ vaccine schedule and vaccine values as obtained from UNICEF vaccines

5-STEP COLD CHAIN PLANNING PROCESS

Cold chain planning is more than just inventories

Conduct Cold Chain Inventory

• Has the right data been collected, e.g., type of equipment, location, serial number, functional status, quality factors incl age, temperature control, condition, etc?

Calculate **Capacity Gaps**

• What gaps exist to meet current and future needs, incl new vaccine introduction, campaigns, buffer, wastage, etc?

Develop Plan to Fill Gaps

- What scenarios should be considered, e.g., Repair, Replace, etc?
- What assumptions does MoH support, e.g., electrification, replacement age, gas-based, level of freeze-protection, etc?

Select & Cost Equipment **Options**

- Has the right mix of optimal equipment been selected for the site?
- What is the estimated cost to procure and install – equipment?

Execute Plan & **Monitor Progress**

- Has equipment been procured, installed in the right places, and entered into the system?
- Is the inventory regularly reviewed for accuracy?

Updating cold chain plans soon? Ankur Chourey – Associate, Cold CHAI has developed a number of guides and templates to help Chain Logistics (CHAI)

guide the planning process. To learn more, please contact the achourey@clintonhealthaccess.org author:

OVERLOOKED FACTORS FOR SUCCESS

Lessons learned across 7 CHAI countries

Focus on both REPLACEMENT of equipment and EXPANSION of equipment capacity

> Choose cold chain equipment not only based on PRICE, but also PERFORMANCE (e.g., non-freeze)

Ensure BUY-IN from MoH and key STAKEHOLDERS

> Define how the plan will be FUNDED, equipment ALLOCATED, and execution MONITORED

THREE POTENTIAL OUTCOMES OF CAREFUL PLANNING

Proper planning can yield dramatic results

Increased budgets for cold chain equipment





Better equipment selection with optimal technology





Decision to stop buying non-PQS cold chain equipment



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